

12.—Equivalent Volume of Solid Wood Cut and Value of Products of Woods Operations, by Province, 1950-52

Province	Equivalent Volume of Solid Wood			Value of Products		
	1950	1951	1952	1950	1951	1952
	M cu. ft.	M cu. ft.	M cu. ft.	\$	\$	\$
Newfoundland.....	92,086	103,953	107,531	19,397,276	22,084,403	25,186,024
Prince Edward Island.....	13,524	15,466	17,034	1,121,461	1,770,190	2,641,036
Nova Scotia.....	116,227	138,871	137,980	16,990,175	25,025,276	27,712,516
New Brunswick.....	220,328	273,420	251,058	40,279,504	64,635,365	63,792,776
Quebec.....	1,131,072	1,208,851	1,158,746	212,563,708	267,682,117	280,423,820
Ontario.....	652,886	695,877	709,413	133,953,112	150,920,968	170,534,331
Manitoba.....	77,458	87,198	87,761	9,441,487	11,551,887	13,472,295
Saskatchewan.....	90,734	88,656	86,739	8,590,115	8,736,785	10,513,606
Alberta.....	142,320	158,505	164,008	12,637,822	16,066,822	17,227,875
British Columbia.....	805,764	832,170	845,339	170,759,943	214,051,202	204,146,915
Totals.....	3,342,399	3,602,957	3,565,609	625,734,603	782,525,015	815,651,194

Subsection 2.—The Lumber Industry

The manufacture of sawn lumber is the second most important industry in Canada depending on the forest for its raw materials.

The total number of sawmills, tie, shingle, lath, veneer, stave, heading and hoop mills and mills for cutting-up and barking or rossing of pulpwood, reports of which were compiled for 1952, was 8,283 as compared with 7,934 for 1951. Mills sawing less than 15,000 ft. b.m. are excluded but account for less than one-half of one per cent of the total lumber production. Employees numbered 60,931 and wages and salaries amounted to \$135,540,707. The logs, bolts and other materials and supplies of the industry were valued at \$299,506,832, the gross value of production was \$568,023,148 and net value \$261,325,619.

Lumber production in Canada reached its maximum in 1951 at 6,948,697,000 ft. b.m. Average values were fairly uniform until 1916, but increased rapidly from 1917 to 1920, to decline gradually during the following years to the lowest level for the entire period in 1932. With the exception of 1938 and 1949, increases took place each year from 1933 to 1951; a decrease of 2 p.c. occurred in 1952.

13.—Quantity and Value of Lumber Production and Value of All Sawmill Products, by Province, 1951 and 1952

Province or Territory	Lumber Production				Value of All Sawmill Products	
	Quantity		Value		1951	1952
	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952
	M ft. b.m.	M ft. b.m.	\$	\$	\$	\$
Newfoundland.....	41,981	55,100	2,456,588	3,469,111	2,727,335	3,743,603
Prince Edward Island.....	10,465	9,437	543,019	498,948	610,578	578,047
Nova Scotia.....	331,906	296,915	19,987,788	18,101,419	21,534,108	20,162,764
New Brunswick.....	292,097	259,906	18,892,064	17,273,232	22,124,951	20,816,235
Quebec.....	1,182,986	1,093,862	78,867,947	75,064,381	89,401,801	89,264,991
Ontario.....	820,696	840,484	60,802,961	65,325,145	76,072,011	83,158,216
Manitoba.....	60,071	61,052	3,873,547	4,001,844	4,112,135	4,207,534
Saskatchewan.....	78,694	78,478	4,281,687	4,518,638	4,497,183	4,857,183
Alberta.....	398,295	409,570	20,405,750	21,457,863	22,667,881	23,862,564
British Columbia.....	3,723,877	3,696,459	296,883,313	272,860,148	347,147,390	316,723,587
Yukon and N.W.T.....	7,629	6,331	655,577	624,594	656,376	648,424
Canada.....	6,948,697	6,807,594	507,650,241	483,195,323	591,551,749	568,023,148